

END OF THE GAME

The end of the game can be triggered in two ways:

- 1) The draw pile has been depleted *or*
- 2) There are no necklace cards left in the middle of the table

After that, all players – including the one who has triggered the game end – have one more turn. However, players may carry out only action **B) Place hand cards**. If somebody has no hand cards left for his final turn, he must pass and is skipped.

SCORING

Each player adds up the values of the pearl cards and necklace cards in his scoring pile.

Then he **subtracts the values** of his **remaining hand cards**. This means hand cards are **minus points** at the end of the game! The result is the total score for the player.

Remember: Wild cards have a value of 0.

The player with the highest total wins. In case of a tie, the player involved who has the most hand cards left wins; if there is still a tie, the players involved share the victory.

VARIANT FOR 2 & 3 PLAYERS

If you play with 2 or 3 players, you can decide to skip sorting out cards and play with all pearl cards. The game may take a bit longer, depending on how fast the necklace cards are taken.

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Pearls



A card game for 2-6 players, 6 years and up

In search of shiny pearls, you dive into the clear blue water. You can't hold your breath endlessly, though, but have to resurface from time to time and sell the treasures you have collected. If you have accumulated a particular number of pearls, you can make them into nice necklaces and thus increase their value even more.

GAME MATERIALS

100 pearl cards (backs sea)



16x wild card
value 0



24x yellow
value 1



20x red
value 1



16x green
value 2



12x blue
value 2



8x turquoise
value 3



4x purple
value 5

10 necklace cards (with backs conforming to the fronts)



1x value 4



2x value 5



2x value 6



2x value 7



2x value 8



1x value 9

GAME DESCRIPTION

On each turn in *Pearls*, you collect or score pearl cards of one colour. Cards with higher values generate many points but are more rare. But even the considerably more common low-value pearls can be lucrative: If you score a lot of pearls at once, you can gain valuable bonus points for necklace cards. If only there were not a hand card limit and, of course, the other players who like to thwart your plans... At the end of the game, the player who has the most points overall wins.

SET-UP OF THE GAME

- Depending on the number of players, you might have to sort out the following pearl cards and put them back into the box:

NUMBER OF PLAYERS	PEARL CARDS TO BE REMOVED	PEARL CARDS IN PLAY
2	the 24 yellow pearl cards (value 1) and the 16 green pearl cards (value 2)	60
3	the 20 red pearl cards (value 1)	80
4-6	none	100

- Shuffle all pearl cards in play face down and deal 6 hand cards to each player.
- Put the remaining pearl cards as a face-down draw pile in the middle of the table.
- Take the 6 top cards from the draw pile and place them in one row as a face-up display next to the draw pile.
- Put the necklace cards, sorted by ascending values, in the middle of the table, some distance to the face-up display.
- The youngest player becomes the starting player and begins the game.

Example of a set-up for 4 players:



COURSE OF THE GAME

Play proceeds clockwise. On your turn, you have to carry out **exactly one** of the two following actions:

A) TAKE CARDS

Choose **exactly one colour** of the 6 pearl cards on display and take **all** cards in this colour from the display into your hand.

The following rules apply:

- You must take **all** pearl cards in this colour from the display into your hand. In the example to the left, you could take the three yellow cards with a value of 1 or the red 1 or both of the green 2s.
- When you pick cards, wild cards always count as a colour of their own and are never taken together with cards of a different colour. If you choose to take wild cards, you take all wild cards lying in the display.
- You may have a **maximum of 10 hand cards** at any time. If you exceeded this limit by taking all cards of a specific colour, you would not be allowed to choose this colour; in this case, you have to choose one of the other colours available or carry out action **B) Place hand cards** instead.

After that, you refill the face-up display to 6 pearl cards by drawing and placing the appropriate number of cards from the draw pile.

B) PLACE HAND CARDS

Instead of taking cards, you can decide to place hand cards on your scoring pile. To do so, choose **any number** of pearl cards of **exactly one colour** from your hand and reveal them to the other players. Then place them face down on the pile in front of you.

The following rules apply:

- You must place at least one card.
- When you place cards, wild cards may be played as a colour of their own or as an addition to another colour. In the latter case, you may place any number of wild cards together with at least one card of one colour, thus increasing the number of cards placed in this colour.
- If the number of cards you place on this turn – including wild cards – matches the value of a necklace card in the middle of the table, you may take this necklace card as well and place it on your scoring pile.

Important: The number of cards you place must exactly match the value of the necklace card. If there is no necklace card of that value left in the middle of the table, you will go away empty-handed and may not take any necklace card of a lower value either, unless you place accordingly fewer cards.

After you have carried out the action, your turn ends and the next player has his turn.